

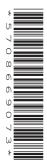
UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

#### CHEMISTRY

9701/31 May/June 2010

Paper 31 Advanced Practical Skills CONFIDENTIAL INSTRUCTIONS

Great care should be taken to ensure that any confidential information given does not reach the candidates either directly or indirectly.



# The Supervisor's attention is drawn to the form on page 7 which must be completed and returned with the scripts.

If you have any problems or queries regarding these instructions, please contact CIEby e-mail:International@cie.org.ukby phone:+44 1223 553554by fax:+44 1223 553558stating the Centre number, the nature of the query and the syllabus number quoted above.

This document consists of 8 printed pages.

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## Safety

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Supervisors are advised to remind candidates that **all** substances in the examination should be treated with caution.

Only those tests described in the question paper should be attempted. Please also see under 'Apparatus' on the use of pipette fillers, safety goggles and plastic gloves.

In accordance with COSHH (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health) Regulations, operative in the UK, a hazard appraisal of the examination has been carried out.

Attention is drawn in particular, to certain materials used in the examination. The following codes are used where relevant.

- **C** corrosive substance
- **H** harmful or irritating substance
  - toxic substance

- **F** highly flammable substance
- **O** oxidising substance
- N dangerous for the environment

The attention of Supervisors is drawn to any local regulations relating to safety and first-aid.

'Hazard Data Sheets', relating to materials used in this examination, should be available from your chemical supplier.

## Before the Examination

### 1 Access to the question paper is NOT permitted in advance of the examination.

#### 2 Preparation of materials

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Where quantities are specified for each candidate, they are sufficient for the experiments described in the question paper to be completed.

In preparing materials, the bulk quantity for each substance should be increased by 25% as spare material should be available to cover accidental loss. More material may be supplied if requested by candidates, without penalty.

All solutions should be bulked and mixed thoroughly before use to ensure uniformity.

Every effort should be made to keep the concentrations accurate to within one part in two hundred of those specified.

# Supervisors are asked to carry out any confirmatory tests given on page 4 to ensure the materials supplied are appropriate.

If the concentrations differ slightly from those specified, the Examiners will make the necessary allowance. They should be informed of the exact concentrations.

#### 3 Labelling of materials

Materials must be labelled as specified in these instructions. Materials with an **FA** code number should be so labelled **without** the identities being included on the label. Where appropriate the identity of an **FA** coded chemical is given in the question paper itself.

## 4 Identity of materials

It should be noted that descriptions of solutions given in the question paper may not correspond exactly with the specifications in these Instructions. The candidates must assume the descriptions given in the question paper.

#### 5 Size of group

In view of the difficulty of the preparation of large quantities of solution of uniform concentration, it is recommended that the maximum number of candidates per group be 30 and that separate supplies of solutions be prepared for each group.

## **Apparatus**

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- 1 In addition to the fittings ordinarily contained in a chemical laboratory, the apparatus and materials specified below will be necessary.
- 2 Pipette fillers (or equivalent safety devices), safety goggles and disposable plastic gloves should be used where necessary.
- **3** For each candidate
  - $1 \times 50 \, \text{cm}^3$  burette
  - 1 × stand and burette clamp
  - 1 × funnel (for filling burette)
  - $2 \times 250 \, \text{cm}^3$  beaker
  - 1 × foamed plastic (expanded polystyrene) cup
  - $1 \times -10$  °C to 110 °C at 1 °C thermometer
  - $1 \times 25 \, \text{cm}^3$  measuring cylinder
  - $1 \times 50 \, \text{cm}^3$  measuring cylinder
  - $1 \times heat$ -proof mat
  - $1 \times Bunsen burner$
  - $1 \times tripod$  and gauze
  - 1 × test-tube holder
  - 10 × test-tubes\*
  - $2 \times \text{boiling-tubes}$
  - $1 \times \text{test-tube rack}$
  - $2 \times teat/squeeze pipettes$
  - $1 \times$  marker pen (for labelling test-tubes)
  - paper towels
  - $1 \times$  wash bottle of distilled water

\*Candidates are expected to rinse and re-use test-tubes where possible. Additional test-tubes should be available. **Chemicals Required** 

It is *especially important* that great care is taken that the confidential information given below does **not** reach the candidates either directly or indirectly. Particular requirements

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	hazard	label	per candidate	identity	notes (hazards given in this column are for the raw materials)
	[C]	FA 1	80 cm <sup>3</sup>	2.0 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> sulfuric acid	Cautiously pour 110 cm <sup>3</sup> of concentrated (98%) sulfuric acid <b>[C]</b> into 800 cm <sup>3</sup> of distilled water with continuous stirring. Make the solution up to 1 dm <sup>3</sup> with distilled water. Water.
	Ŋ	FA 2	300 cm <sup>3</sup>	1.2 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> sodium hydroxide	Dissolve 48.0g of NaOH <b>[C]</b> in each dm <sup>3</sup> of solution. <b>Care</b> – the process of solution is exothermic and any concentrated solution is very corrosive.
9701/31/	<b>Check o</b> flask. Ma Pipette 2 titration.	<b>in suitab</b> Ne up ea 5.0 <i>cm</i> <sup>3</sup> c	ility of reag ch solution t of the diluted should be be	<b>Check on suitability of reagents</b> . <i>Pipette 25.0cm</i> <sup>3</sup> of <b>FA 1</b> <i>into a flask. Make up each solution to the graduation. Pipette 25.0cm</i> <sup>3</sup> <i>of the diluted</i> <b>FA 2</b> <i>into a conical flask and titrate a titration.</i> The titre should be between 14.80 and 15.20cm <sup>3</sup> . Adjust the state of the diluted be between 14.80 and 15.20cm <sup>3</sup> .	<b>Check on suitability of reagents</b> . <i>Pipette 25.0cm</i> <sup>3</sup> of <b>FA 1</b> into a 250cm <sup>3</sup> graduated flask and 50.0cm <sup>3</sup> of <b>FA 2</b> into a second 250cm <sup>3</sup> graduated flask. Make up each solution to the graduation. <sup>Dipette 25.0cm<sup>3</sup> of the diluted <b>FA 2</b> into a conical flask and titrate against the diluted <b>FA 1</b> using an appropriate indicator for a strong acid/strong base itration. The titre should be between 14.80 and 15.20cm<sup>3</sup>. Adjust the concentration of <b>FA 2</b> if necessary.</sup>
	Ε	FA 3	20 cm <sup>3</sup>	0.1 moldm <sup>-3</sup> barium chloride	See 2010 syllabus.
J/10		FA 4	20 cm <sup>3</sup>	solution 0.1 mol dm <sup><math>-3</math></sup> with respect to Mg <sup>2+</sup> ions and 0.2 mol dm <sup><math>-3</math></sup> with respect to Br <sup><math>-1</math></sup> ions.	Dissolve 20.3g of MgC $l_2$ .6H $_2$ O and 20.4g of NaBr (or 23.8 g KBr [H]) in each dm <sup>3</sup> of solution.
		FA 5	20 cm <sup>3</sup>	solution 0.1 mol dm <sup><math>-3</math></sup> with respect to Ca <sup>2+</sup> ions and 0.2 mol dm <sup><math>-3</math></sup> with respect to I <sup>-</sup> ions.	Dissolve 43.8g of CaC $l_2$ .6H $_2$ O and 30.0g of NaI (or 33.2g KI [H]) in each dm <sup>3</sup> of solution.
	[T][N]	FA 6	20 cm <sup>3</sup>	0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> potassium chromate(VI)	Dissolve 19.4g $K_2$ CrO <sub>4</sub> <b>[T][N]</b> in each dm <sup>3</sup> of solution. ( <i>The use of plastic gloves might be considered for candidates handling this chemical.</i> )
	[H]	FA 7	10 cm <sup>3</sup>	distilled water	
		FA 8	10 cm <sup>3</sup>	0.5 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> glucose solution	Dissolve 99.0g of D(+) glucose monohydrate in each $dm^3$ of solution.
	[F] [H]	FA 9	10 cm <sup>3</sup>	50% solution of butanone	Mix equal volumes of freshly purchased butanone [H][F][C] and distilled water.
	Έ	FA 10	10 cm <sup>3</sup>	0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> sodium sulfite	12.6g dm <sup>3</sup> Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub> [H]
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hazard	label	notes
Ξ	dilute hydrochloric acid	
<u></u>	dilute nitric acid	
Ξ	dilute sulfuric acid	
<u>[</u>	aqueous sodium hydroxide	
Ξ	aqueous ammonia	
EΞ	0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium chloride [or 0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium nitrate]	See identity details and preparation instructions on page 45 of the 2010 syllabus. N B cach condidate will require 15 cm <sup>3</sup> silver nitrate colution
[H] [N]	0.05 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> silver nitrate	
[N] [E]	0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> lead(II) nitrate	
[N] [L]	acidified aqueous potassium dichromate(VI)	
[T] [F]	2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine reagent	

The following materials and apparatus should be available.

red and blue litmus paper, plain filter paper strips for use with dichromate(VI), aluminium foil for testing for nitrate/nitrite, wooden splints, the apparatus normally used in the Centre for use with limewater in testing for carbon dioxide

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## Responsibilities of the Supervisor during the Examination

1 The Supervisor, or other competent chemist **must carry out the experiments in question 1** and complete tables of readings on a spare copy of the question paper which should be labelled 'Supervisor's Results'.

### This should be done for: each session held and each laboratory used in that session, and each set of solutions supplied.

N.B. The question paper cover requests the candidate to fill in details of the examination session and the laboratory used for the examination.

# It is essential that each packet of scripts contains a copy of the applicable Supervisor's Results as the candidates' work cannot be assessed accurately without such information.

2 The Supervisor must complete the Report Form on page 7 to show which candidates attended each session. If all candidates took the examination in one session, please indicate this on the Report Form. A copy of the Report Form must accompany each copy of the Supervisor's Results in order for the candidates' work to be assessed accurately.

The Supervisor must give details on page 8 of any particular difficulties experienced by a candidate, especially if the Examiner would be unable to discover this from the written answers.

## After the Examination

## Each envelope returned to Cambridge must contain the following items.

- 1 The scripts of those candidates specified on the bar code label provided.
- 2 A copy of the Supervisor's Report relevant to the candidates in **1**.
- **3** A copy of the Report Form, including details of any difficulties experienced by candidates (see pages 7 and 8).
- 4 The Attendance Register.

#### 5 A Seating Plan for each session/laboratory.

Failure to provide appropriate documentation in each envelope may cause candidates to be penalised.

#### COLOUR-BLINDNESS

With regard to colour-blindness – a minor handicap, relatively common in males – it is permissible to advise candidates who request assistance on colours of, for example precipitates and solutions (especially titration end-points). Please include with the scripts a note of the candidate numbers of such candidates.

Experience suggests that candidates who are red/green colour-blind – the most common form – do not generally have significant difficulty. Reporting such cases with the scripts removes the need for a 'Special Consideration' application for this handicap.

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## **REPORT FORM**

### This form must be completed and sent to the Examiner in the envelope with the scripts.

Centre Number ...... Name of Centre .....

#### 1 Supervisor's Results

Please submit details of the readings obtained in **Question 1** on a spare copy of the question paper clearly marked 'Supervisor's Results' **and showing the Centre number and appropriate session/laboratory number**.

2 The candidate numbers of candidates attending each session were:

First Session

Second Session

- **3** The Supervisor is required to give details overleaf of any difficulties experienced by particular candidates, giving names and candidate numbers. These should include reference to:
  - (a) any general difficulties encountered in making preparation;
  - (b) difficulties due to faulty apparatus or materials;
  - (c) accidents to apparatus or materials;
  - (d) assistance with respect to colour-blindness.

Other cases of hardship, e.g. illness, temporary disability, should be reported direct to CIE on the normal 'Application for Special Consideration' form.

A plan of work benches, giving details by candidate numbers of the places occupied by the candidates for each experiment for each session, must be enclosed with the scripts.

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Report on any difficulties experienced by candidates.

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